CLAIMS

WHAT IS CLAIMED:

- An isolated polypeptide, comprising at least an immunogenic portion of an ovarian tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) sequences recited in SEO ID NOs:5, 7, 8, 9, 24, or 25;
 - (b) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 5,
 - 7, 8, 9, 24, or 25 under moderately stringent conditions; and
 - (c) complements of sequences of (a) or (b).
- 2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 7, 8, 9, 24, or 25 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.
- An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 7, 8, 9, 24, or 25.
- 4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of an ovarian tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 7, 8, 9, 24, or 25 or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.
- An isolated polynucleotide encoding an ovarian tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a

polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 7, 8, 9, 24, or 25 or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

- An isolated polynucleotide, comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEO ID NOs: 5, 7, 8, 9, 24, or 25.
- An isolated polynucleotide, comprising a sequence that hybridizes to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 7, 8, 9, 24, or 25 under moderately stringent conditions.
- An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.
- An expression vector, comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims claim 4-8.
- A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.
- 11. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to an ovarian tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 7, 8, 9, 24, or 25 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.
 - 12. A fusion protein, comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.
- 13. A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

- 14. A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.
- A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.
- An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim
- 17. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a physiologically acceptable carrier and at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (b) a polynucleotide according to claim 4;
 - (c) an antibody according to claim 11;
 - (d) a fusion protein according to claim 12; and
 - (e) a polynucleotide according to claim 16.
- 18. A vaccine comprising an immunostimulant and at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (b) a polynucleotide according to claim 4;
 - (c) an antibody according to claim 11;
 - (d) a fusion protein according to claim 12; and
 - (e) a polynucleotide according to claim 16.
- A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the immunostimulant is an adjuvant.

- A vaccine according to any claim 18, wherein the immunostimulant induces a predominantly Type I response.
- 21. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 17.
- 22. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 18.
- 23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.
- A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.
- 25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of an ovarian tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) sequences recited in SEQ ID NOs:1-35;
- (b) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-35 under moderately stringent conditions; and
 - (c) complements of sequences of (a) or (b); in combination with an immunostimulant.
- A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the immunostimulant is an adjuvant.

- A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the immunostimulant induces a predominantly Type I response.
- 28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.
- 29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of an ovarian tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) sequences recited in SEQ ID NOs:1-35;
- (b) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-35 under moderately stringent conditions; and
- (c) complements of sequences of (a) or (b)encoded by a polynucleotide recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-35;

and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

- A method according to claim 29, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.
- 31. A method according to any one of claims 21, 22 and 29, wherein the cancer is ovarian cancer.
- 32. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with an ovariantumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i)

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-35; and

wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the antigen from the sample.

- 33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof
- 34. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 32.
- 35. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for an ovarian tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of an ovarian tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - sequences recited in SEQ ID NOs:1-35;
 - (ii) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ

ID NOs:1-35 under moderately stringent conditions; and

- (iii) complements of sequences of (i) or (ii);
- (b) polynucleotides encoding a polypeptide of (a); and
- (c) antigen presenting cells that express a polypeptide of (a);

 $\mbox{under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.}$

36. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 35.

- 37. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 36.
- 38. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8+ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of an ovarian tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (1) sequences recited in SEQ ID NOs:1-35;
 - (2) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-35 under moderately stringent conditions; and
 - (3) complements of sequences of (1) or (2);
 - (ii) polynucleotides encoding a polypeptide of (i); and
 - (iii) antigen presenting cells that expresses a polypeptide of (i);

such that T cells proliferate; and

- (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.
- 39. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8+ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of an ovarian tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino

acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (1) sequences recited in SEQ ID NOs:1-35;
- (2) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of

SEQ ID NOs:1-35 under moderately stringent conditions; and

- (3) complements of sequences of (1) or (2);
- (ii) polynucleotides encoding a polypeptide of (i); and
- $(iii) \qquad \text{antigen presenting cells that express a polypeptide of (i)}; \\$

such that T cells proliferate;

- (b) cloning at least one proliferated cell to provide cloned T cells; and
- (c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.
- 40. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to an ovarian tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-35 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences;
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and
- (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.
 - 41. A method according to claim 40, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
- 42. A method according to claim 43, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

- 43. A method according to claim 40, wherein the cancer is ovarian cancer.
- 44. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to an ovarain tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-35 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences;
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;
- (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
 - (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.
 - 45. A method according to claim 44, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
 - 46. A method according to claim 45, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
 - 47. A method according to claim 44, wherein the cancer is a ovarian cancer.
- 48. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes an ovarian tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO:1-35 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences;

- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and
- (c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.
- 49. A method according to claim 48, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.
- A method according to claim 48, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.
- 51. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes an ovarian tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO:1-35 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences;
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;
- (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
- (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.
- 52. A method according to claim 51, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

- 53. A method according to claim 51, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.
 - 54. A diagnostic kit, comprising:
 - (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 11; and
 - (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.
- A kit according to claim 54, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.
- A kit according to claim 54, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.
- 57. A kit according to claim 54, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.
- 58. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 contiguous nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes an ovarian tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 7, 8, 9, 24, or 25 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.
- 59. A oligonucleotide according to claim 58, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 contiguous nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 7, 8, 9, 24, or 25.
 - 60. A diagnostic kit, comprising:
 - (a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 59; and

 $\mbox{(b)} \qquad \mbox{a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization} \label{eq:boltzmann}$ assay.